Cookridge Primary School: Year 3 Objectives - Writing

The	follo	owing objectives need to be secured in a range of differer	it w	riting geni	res and co	ontexts fo	r different	audiences	
Bas	Basic Skills (Fluency) by the end of Year 3:				Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Final
1.		e sure key skills from KS1 are still being applied before ring on.							
2. Spelling patterns and syllables strategies.									
3. Spell <u>some</u> identified commonly misspelt words from Year 3 and 4 word list.			ing ideas.						
4. Use and understand <u>most</u> of the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 for Year 3.			recording						
5.	gran	gest improvements to writing through changes in namer and vocabulary and assessing writing with peers assessment.	nen plan,						
Key Learning for Secure			and then	Baseline	Aut 2	Spr 1	Spr 2	Sum 1	Final
Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling	GPS1	To spell <u>some</u> homophones and near homophones correctly.	other pedagogical approaches a						
	GPS2	To spell <u>some</u> word families correctly based on common words, for example solve, solution, solver.							
	GPS3	To spell <u>some</u> words with additional prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them to root words, for example form nouns using super, anti, auto - ation, ous, ion,ian.							
	GPS4	To use <u>some</u> inverted commas to punctuate direct speech.	play or ot						
	GPS5	<u>Some</u> use of the forms a or an according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel [for example, a rock, an open box].	whether through role p						
		I thankle allowed and beginning to the board	thro		1		T		I
Handwriting	H1	Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined.	writing, whether						
Composition	C1	To compose <u>some</u> sentences using a wider range of structures linked to the grammar objectives.	before						
	23	Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material.	orally rehearsed before						
	23	Uses fronted adverbials correctly <u>some</u> of the time, including the use of a comma. For example: Later that day, I went shopping.	be orally re						
	C4	Uses expanded noun phrases, using two adjectives with a comma when necessary, to add further detail.	writing should be						
	C5	<u>Sometimes</u> uses a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.	All writing						
	90	Discuss and write narratives (with a clear structure, setting, characters and plot) and non-narratives using organisational devices such as headings and subheadings.	٩						