



Plan for Focused Assessment of Science

Topic: Living things and their	Yea	ar 2	Title: Nature spotters				
habitats	Age 6-7						
Working Scientifically		Conceptual Knowledge					
Review: Identifying and classifying		Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats					
Assessment Focus		,					
Can children use spotter she		•••					
Can children identify the types of plants/animals they are looking for? Activity Today we are a conservation officers.							
			act appropriate for your local behitet				
Explore simple classification keys/spotter sheets – select appropriate for your local habitat (in or out of school grounds) and season, for example: <u>http://www.woodlandtrust.org.uk/naturedetectives/activities</u> Take the children on a nature hunt to explore the habitat. Groups could explore: leaves/blossom/trees, flowers, invertebrates (mini beasts), pond life as appropriate. Remind children about careful handling of animals, returning any creatures to their habitat,							
				not picking wild flowers, not eatir	ng, wa	ashing hands on	return.
				Adapting the activity			
				Support: Provide a spotter sheet containing very common/easy to distinguish			
				plants/animals.			
Extension: Provide a more challenging spotter sheet where close observation is needed to							
spot the differences between the species. Other ideas: Visit a different habitat and compare findings.							
Other lucas. Visit a different flat	Jilal a	nu compare iniu	ings.				
Key Questions							
 What do you think we will see on our walk? What will your group be looking for? 							
What kinds of plants/animals are you looking for? How do you know?							
 How will you know if you find this one? How will you know the difference between that one and this one? 							
	erenc						
Assessment Indicators							
	ldren v	will not yet be linki	o them e.g. ants and spiders with little ng the specific animal to its type e.g. <i>I</i>				

Meeting: Children use spotter sheets to identify plants or animals e.g. *I think that is an earwig because it has a funny tail like on the sheet.* Children begin to classify e.g. *That woodlouse can't be an insect because it doesn't have 6 legs. The squirrel in the tree is all furry so it must be a mammal.*

Exceeding: Children can discuss the limitations of the spotter sheets e.g. *I think it is a kind of ladybird because it has the same kind of back and legs, but it is not the same as on the sheet, but the sheet can't have pictures of all the ladybirds.*