Home learning - Session 2

Fluency 15 - Year 5 expected standard

Focus learning

Cube numbers: steps to success

1) Cube numbers: a cube number is the product of a digit being multiplied by itself 3 times.

e.g. $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$

- > you are multiplying 2 by itself $(2 \times 2 = 4)$
- > then you multiply the product of the first calculation by 2 again $(2 \times 4 = 8)$

Remember, cube numbers are not the same as multiplying the digit by 3! Do the calculation in two stages to help you!

2) Cube numbers are represented by a superscript 3, this means a small 3 that floats above the line of the text. See the example below.

e.g. 2^3 the small three, which is highlighted red, shows you need to multiply 2 by itself three times.

3) Use these steps to success to help you with question 1-5 in the fluency.

Cube numbers

- 1) 3³=
- 2) $4^3 =$
- 3) $5^3 =$
- 4) $6^3 =$
- 5) $7^3 =$

Multiplying and dividing by 10, 100 and 1000

- 6) 478 ÷ 10 =
- 7) 37.8 ÷ 100 =
- 8) $71.52 \times 100 =$
- 9) $23 \times 1000 =$
- $10) 5.78 \times 10 =$

Solve the calculations using the formal written method

- 11) 56.45 + 1.764 =
- 12) 167.4 + 97.9 =
- 13) $324 \times 3 =$
- 14) $52 \times 7 =$
- 15) 751 -326 =