KS2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
ERS	Key Driver	- Humanities	Key Driver	r - Humanities	Key Driver -	Humanities
TOPIC DRIVERS	Legacy of Ancient Greece Enriching Experiences-Greek Food Tasting/Greek Experience Day/ Royal Armouries Y5 – Lineham Farm Residential		Our World – South America (compare and contrast) Enriching Experiences -		WWII Enriching Experiences- Eden Camp Y6 – Weardale Residential	
	Whole Class Texts		Whole Class Texts		Whole Class Texts	
SH:	Greek Myths by Ann Turnbull –Lexile – 910L Battle Books – Marathon – Lexile – 950L		What Darwin Saw: The Journey That Changed the World – Lexile – 1020L Shaman's Apprentice: A Tale of the Amazon Rainforest – Lexile – 960L		World War II Visual Encyclopaedia – Lexile – 1000L Letters from the Lighthouse – Lexile – 990L	
ENGLISH:	Writing Genres	taur – Lexile – 1050L Writing Genres	Writing Genres	Writing Genres	Writing Genres	Writing Genres
E	Non-narrative: Information Leaflet – Gods and Goddesses Narrative: Historical Narrative - Battle of Marathon -	Non-Narrative: Balanced Argument – Icarus Narrative: Adventure Narrative - Theseus and the Minotaur	Non-Narrative: Diary – Charles Darwin Narrative: Descriptive Narrative - Amazon Explorers	Non-Narrative: Persuasive Letter – Visit Galapagos Narrative: Traditional Fiction - Amazon Tribe	Non-Narrative: Recount - Battle of Britain Narrative: Historical Fiction - D-Day	Non-Narrative: Newspaper Report - VE Day Narrative: Viewpoint Narrative Boy in the Striped Pyjamas
	1 poetry block over the term		1 poetry block over the term		1 poetry block over the term	
	Maths - Year 5 - Basic Fluency FOCUS	Maths - Year 5 –	Number FOCUS	Maths - Year 5 – Calculation - FOCUS	Maths - Year 5 - Measure/Geometry/Statistics FOCUS	
MATHS	Maths - Year 6 - Basic Fluency FOCUS	Maths - Year 6 –	Number FOCUS	Maths - Year 6 – Calculation - FOCUS	Maths - Year 6 - Measure/G	eometry/Statistics FOCUS

nary and secondary evidence. reliability of evidence and link this to
nquiry by posing historically valid
l events/periods occurred tions, e.g. Indus Valley and Ancient
<pre>unicating anding of historical vocabulary emocracy, civilisation, social, political,</pre>
anise ideas about from the past using ind different genres of writing such as ies, letters, information/travel project or research about the
t lo r

studied period.

History:

Historical Interpretation

(a)To understand and analyse primary and secondary evidence. (b)To determine the accuracy and reliability of evidence and link this to factual understanding of the past.

(c)Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that may be to persuade others (including propaganda).

Chronological Understanding

(a)Order an increasing number of significant events, movements and dates on a timeline using dates and terms accurately.

Knowledge and Understanding of Events, People and Changes in the Past

(a)Identify and note connections, contrasts and trends over time in the everyday lives of people.

Upper	Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan					
	Geography:		Geography:		Geography:	
GEOGRAPHY	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork (a) (a) Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied. (b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. (c) Use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies.		 Locational Knowledge (a)Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North and South America, concentrating on environmental regions and key physical and human characteristics, and major cities. Place Knowledge (a)Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. (b) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. (b) Understand geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. Human and Physical Geography (a)Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, volcanoes and earthquakes. (b) Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity and trade links. Geographical Skills and Fieldwork (a)Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studies. (b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. (c) Use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and 		 Locational Knowledge (b) Name and locate most counties and cities of the United Kingdom, identifying human and physical characteristics including hills, mountain, coasts and rivers, and land-use patterns as well as showing change over time. Place Knowledge (a) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. (b) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. (b) Understand geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America. Geographical Skills and Fieldwork (a) Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studies. (b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. (c) Use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies. 	
SCIENCE	Science: <u>Working scientifically</u> Scln1.1: I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Scln2.1: I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate. Scln3.1: I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and	Properties and changes of materials (Y5)SC1.1: I can compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets. (Y5)SC2.1: I know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution and demonstrate that	Science: Evolution & Inheritance (Y6) SC6.1: I can recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. (Y6) SC7.1: I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. (Y6)	Science: Evolution & Inheritance (Y6) SC6.1: I can recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. (Y6) SC7.1: I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution. (Y6) SC8.1: I can recognise that living things produce offspring of the	Animals including humans (Y5) SC9.1: I can describe the changes as humans develop to old age. (Y5) SC10.1: I can describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. (Y6) SC11.1: I can identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood. (Y6). SC12.1: I can recognise the impact	Animals including humans (Y6) SC9.1: I can describe the changes as humans develop to old age. (Y5) SC10.1: I can describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans. (Y6) SC11.1: I can identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood. (Y6).

er Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan					
labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.	dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes. (Y5)	SC8.1: I can recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally	same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. (Y6)	of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. (Y6)	SC12.1 : I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies
Scin4.1: I can use test results to	SC3.1: I use knowledge of solids,	offspring vary and are not			function. (Y6)
make predictions to set up further	liquids and gases to decide how	identical to their parents. (Y6)			
comparative and fair tests.	mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving				
Scin5.1: I can report and present	and evaporating. (Y5)				
findings from enquiries, including					
conclusions, causal relationships	SC4.1: I can explain that some changes result in the formation of				
and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written	new materials, and that this kind				
forms such as displays and other	of change is not usually				
presentations.	reversible, including changes				
	associated with burning and the				
Scin6.1: I can identify scientific	action of acid on bicarbonate of				
evidence that has been used to	soda. (Y5)				
support or refute ideas or					
arguments.	SC5.1: I can give reasons, based				
	on evidence from comparative				
	and fair tests, for the particular				
	uses of everyday materials,				
	including metals, wood and plastics.				
	Working scientifically: coverage				
		f scientific enquiries to answer quest	tions, including recognising and control	lling variables where necessary.	
	Scin2.1: I can take measurements, u	using a range of scientific equipment	, with increasing accuracy and precisio	n, taking repeat readings when appropr	iate.
	Scin3.1: I can record data and result	ts of increasing complexity using scie	entific diagrams and labels, classificatio	n keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and li	ne graphs.
	Scin4.1: I can use test results to ma	ke predictions to set up further com	parative and fair tests.		
	Scin5.1: I can report and present fin displays and other presentations.	dings from enquiries, including cond	lusions, causal relationships and explai	nations of and degree of trust in results	, in oral and written forms such as
	ScIn6.1: I can identify scientific evid	ence that has been used to support	or refute ideas or arguments.		
	rational learning pedagogy, that offers through learner inspired, hands-on e		rough regular sessions. It is a long-term	n program that supports play, exploration	on and supported risk taking. It
develops connuclice and sen-esteen					
try stuff out and take risks. Forest Sc	hool inspires a deep and meaningful o	onnection to the world and an under	rstanding of how a learner fits within it	lly. It creates a safe, non-judgemental n Our approach to risk means that learn	ers constantly expand on their
abilities by solving real-world issues, overcoming them. Forest School the	building self-belief and resilience. We refore, helps participants to become, h			nolistic thing, there are risks in everythin	ng we do, and we grow by
Here at Cookridge, we use Forest School as a vehicle for promoting and developing the skills mentioned above which directly impacts on pupils' progress and attainment across the national curriculur weekly sessions with Level 3 trained practitioners who deliver sessions focussing on speech and language, health and wellbeing and resilience whilst also running Forest School skill sessions, seasonal lessons and cross curricular themed days to support pupils' development throughout their time at school. Planning is done in a way which enriches the curriculum, helps develop the needs of the pup					
based on their interests, nature and			and to done in a way which efficies th		

Upper	Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan					
	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:
COMPUTING	Digital Literacy E-Safety/PSHE Cross-curricular KS2 DL1 - I can use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.	Computer Science Communicate and Present eg. Blog/Podcast KS2 CS4 – I can understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.	Computer Science Pro-bots/logo KS2 CS1 – I can design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.	Computer Science Coding KS2 CS2 – I can use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output KS2 CS3 – I can use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.	Information Technology Data Handling eg. Excel KS2 IT1 – I can use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. KS2 IT2 – I can select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	Information Technology Animation KS2 IT2 – I can select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
ART	ART Design and create a Greek Amphora FOCUS: Sculpture. Children can A plan and design a sculpture B Use tools and materials to carve, add shape, add texture and pattern C Develop cutting and joining skills e.g. using wire,coils, slabs, and slips. D Use key vocabulary from this strand to demonstrate knowledge of sculptural techniques.	 Art: Ancient Greek Pottery (painting vases) FOCUS: SCULPTURE: Children can: FOCUS: WORK OF OTHER ARTISTS: Children can: A. Explore the artwork from ancient cultures e.g. Greek and compare with artists working today e.g. Grayson Perry. B. Use digital technology as sources for developing ideas. C. Use materials other than clay to create a 3D sculpture. D. Think critically about their art and design work. 	 Art Portraits- compare Lowry /Kahlo portraits and use of colour. Create own self portrait FOCUS: DRAWING & PAINTING: Children can: A. Introduce perspective and proportion in their drawing. B. Use a range of mediums on a range of backgrounds. C. Work indoors and outdoors. D. Develop watercolour techniques. E. Explore restricting colour palette (example, only use tertiary colours) F. Develop brushwork control. G. Give detailed observations about notable artists work. 	Art: Textiles/collage Explore the work of notable South American textile Artist- create shoulder bag using designer as influence Children can A Experiment with a range of media by overlapping and layering in order to create texture, effect and colour B add decoration to create effect C use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand. Weave, fabric, pattern, colour	 Art Drawing and painting Henry Moore-shelter drawings Children can: A. Give detailed observations about notable artist's work. B. Use a variety of techniques to add effects eg, shadows , reflections, crosshatching, perspective. C. Use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand-sketch book, develop, refine, texture, structure etc. 	 Art: Printmaking /digital FOCUS: EXPLORING AND DEVELOPING IDEAS Children can: A. Select and develop ideas confidently, using suitable materials confidently. B. Improve quality of sketchbook with mixed media, ICT and annotations. C. Develop artistic/visual vocabulary when talking ab out own work and that of others. D. Explore propaganda/political art- WW2 posters, Banksy, Graffiti art e.g. Keith Haring.

	Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan DT	DT	DT
	Build a model version of a famous Greek monument	Create the HMS Beagle – The ship that carried Charles Darwin	Create a model WWII vehicle
	Design	Design	Design
	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform
	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit
	for purpose and aimed at a target market;	for purpose and aimed at a target market;	for purpose and aimed at a target market;
	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help
	generate their ideas;	generate their ideas;	generate their ideas;
	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design
	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;
	 d. explain how particular parts of their products work; e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded 	 d. explain how particular parts of their products work; e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded 	 d. explain how particular parts of their products work; e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded
	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and
	communicate their ideas;	communicate their ideas;	communicate their ideas;
	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final designs
	designs;	designs;	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out
	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out	designs;
	designs;	designs;	h. work in a broad range of relevant contexts, for example conservation,
	h. work in a broad range of relevant contexts, for example conservation,	h. work in a broad range of relevant contexts, for example	the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider
	the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider	conservation, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry	environment.
	environment.	and the wider environment.	
			Make
	Make	Make	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;
	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;	b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and
	b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices;	b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices;	equipment, explaining their choices; c. select from a range of materials and components according to their
	c. select from a range of materials and components according to their	c. select from a range of materials and components according to their	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;
	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;
	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately
	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;
L.	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1
ã	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1	millimetre;
	millimetre;	millimetre;	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction
	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;
	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;
	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;	i. shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;
	i. shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with accuracy;	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with accuracy;
	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with accuracy;	k. demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin,	k. demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin, cut,
	k. demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin, cut, shape and join fabric with precision to make a more complex product;	cut, shape and join fabric with precision to make a more complex product;	shape and join fabric with precision to make a more complex product; I. join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch, whip
	I. join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch, whip	I. join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch,	stitch, blanket stitch;
	stitch, blanket stitch;	whip stitch, blanket stitch;	m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of their
	m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of their	m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of	product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after roughly
	product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after roughly	their product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after	cutting out a shape.
	cutting out a shape.	roughly cutting out a shape.	
			Evaluate
	Evaluate	Evaluate	a. complete detailed competitor analysis of other products on the
	a. complete detailed competitor analysis of other products on the	a. complete detailed competitor analysis of other products on the	market;
	market;	market;	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for
	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for	purpose of products as they design and make;
	purpose of products as they design and make;	purpose of products as they design and make;	c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria,

c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria, making changes as needed.

Technical Skills

c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria, making changes as needed.

Technical Skills

a. apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce

	Cooking	Cooking	Cooking
	Make Greek salad, Greek kebabs, potato skins, sausage rolls a. know, explain and give examples of food that is grown (such as pears,	Make Peruvian chicken, fajitas, chilli, shortcrust tart	Make starter, main and dessert linked with wartime recipes
	wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world; b. understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food	a. know, explain and give examples of food that is grown (such as pears, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world;	a. know, explain and give examples of food that is grown (such as pears, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world;
	availability and plan recipes according to seasonality c. understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten	b. understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and plan recipes according to seasonality	b. understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and plan recipes according to seasonality
	or used in cooking; d. demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly	 c. understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking; 	 c. understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking;
Cooking	savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source; e. demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as	 d. demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source; 	 d. demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source;
Ŭ	griddling, grilling, frying and boiling; f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that	e. demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling, grilling, frying and boiling;	e. demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling, grilling, frying and boiling;
	are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when planning and preparing dishes;	f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when	f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when
	 g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma; h. alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures; 	planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma;	planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma;
	i. measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe;	 h. alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures; i. measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or 	 h. alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures; i. measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or
	j. independently follow a recipe.	down from a recipe; j. independently follow a recipe.	down from a recipe; j. independently follow a recipe.

Upper	Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan					
	Music:	Music:	Music:	Music:	Music:	Music:
	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:
	Greece topic songs	Greece topic songs Olympic Game	Singing rounds and part songs	Singing rounds and part songs	Songs from WWII	Songs from WWII
	Greek God rhythm grids Theseus and the Minotaur maze	Rondo Compositions	Samba rhythms	Samba rhythms	Writing extra verses (Quartermaster's Stores)	WWII slogan ostinato patterns
	signals	Comparing ancient and modern Greek Music	Singing rounds and part songs	MMC listening	Tuned percussion ensemble pieces	Tuned percussion ensemble pieces
	Body percussion routines and			Year 6:		
	compositions	Body percussion/ cup/ stick routines and compositions	Samba rhythms	Origins of jazz	MMC listening	Improvisation and compositions
	Rhythm roundup (semiquavers)	Reading a treble stave	MMC listening	MMC listening	Improvisation	linked to MMC listening
	Reading a treble stave	Reading a treble stave	wivic listening	Wive insterning	Year 6:	wiwe insterning
SC		MMC listening	Year 6:			Year 6:
MUSIC	MMC listening	_	Origins of jazz		Garage band project	
		Year 6:				Garage band project
	Year 6:	Comparing ancient and modern				
	Greece topic songs	Greek Music	MMC listening			
	Greek God rhythm grids	Greece topic songs				
	Theseus and the Minotaur maze	Olympic Game				
	signals	Rondo Compositions				
	Musical signals	MMC listening				
	MMC listening	Deeding down a station				
	Cup/stick/ boomwhacker	Reading drum notation				
	compositions					
	PE - Teacher led – Hockey and gymna	astics	PE - Teacher led – Dance and Badr	ninton:	PE - Teacher led – Athletics and cricket	
	Hockey		Dance		Athletics	
			NC 4 - perform dances using a range of movement patterns		NC 2 - play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending NC 5 - take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually	
	NC 1 - use running, jumping, throwin combination	g and catching in isolation and in	NC 6 - compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.			
	NC 2 - play competitive games, modi		NC 3 - develop flexibility, strength, tech	nnique, control and balance	and within a team	
PE	basic principles suitable for attacking	and detending	NC 4 - perform dances using a range of	movement patterns	NC 6 - compare their performances with p improvement to achieve their personal be	
	Gymnastics		Badminton		Cricket	
	NC 3 - develop flexibility, strength, te	echnique, control and balance	NC 1 - use running, jumping, throw combination	ving and catching in isolation and in	NC 1 - use running, jumping, throwing and	
					NC 2 - play competitive games, modified w principles suitable for attacking and defen	
	NC 6 - compare their performances w improvement to achieve their persor		NC 2 - play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending			
	improvement to demove their persor					

	PSHE: Year 5 Health and wellbeing What makes up our identity? Mind mate lesson: Feeling good and being me: Self belief	PSHE: <u>Year 5:</u> Living in the wider world What decisions can people make with money? Mind mate lesson: Friends and	PSHE: <u>Year 5:</u> Health and well-being How can we help in an accident or emergency? Mind mate lesson: Life changes:	PSHE: <u>Year 5:</u> Relationships How can friends communicate safely? Mind mate lesson: Strong	PSHE: <u>Year 5:</u> Health and Well-being How can drugs common to everyday life affect health? Mind mate lesson: Being the same	PSHE: <u>Year 5:</u> Living in the Wider World What jobs would we like? Mind mate lesson: Solving problems and making it better:
	Year 6 Health and wellbeing How can we keep healthy as we grow?	family: Unhealthy friendships and relationships <u>Year 6</u> Health and wellbeing	Aspirations to manage change positively) <u>Year 6</u> Living in the wider world	emotions: Strong emotions and mental health <u>Year 6</u> Living in the wider world	Year 6 Relationships What will change as we become more independent?	talking it through restorative justice <u>Year 6</u> Relationships What will change as we become
PSHE	Mind mate lesson: Feeling good and being me: Self integrity	How can we keep healthy as we grow? Mind mate lesson: Friends and family: Celebrating friendship	How can the media influence people? Mind mate lesson: Life changes: Moving on	How can the media influence people? Mind mate lesson: Strong emotions: happiness	How do friendships change as we grow? Mind mate lesson: Body image and social media	more independent? How do friendships change as we grow?
	British Values: an understanding of how citizens can influence decision-making through the democratic process.	British Values: an acceptance that people having different faiths or beliefs to oneself (or having none) should be accepted and tolerated, and should not be the cause of prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour	British Values: an understanding that the freedom to hold other faiths and beliefs is protected in law.	British Values: an understanding of the importance of identifying and combatting discrimination.	British Values: an acceptance that people having different faiths or beliefs to oneself (or having none) should be accepted and tolerated, and should not be the cause of prejudicial or discriminatory behaviour	Mind mate lesson: Solving problems and making it better: winning what does it take? British Values: an understanding that the freedom to hold other faiths and beliefs is protected in law.
RE	RE: Unit: 5.1. Why are some journeys and places special? Religion: Islam, Christianity and Judaism	RE: Unit: 5.2. What values are shown in codes for living? Religion: Islam and Christianity	RE: Unit: 6.2. What do Christians believe about Jesus' death and resurrection? Religion: Christianity	RE: Unit: 5.3. Should we forgive others? Religion: Christianity and Islam	RE: Unit: 6.1. How do Sikhs show commitment? Religion: Sikhism	RE: Unit: 6.3. How does growing up bring responsibilities? Religion: Judaism

MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French
Topic: Getting to know you	Topic: That's tasty	Topic: School life	Topic: Time travelling	Topic: Let's visit a French town
 Listening and speaking: Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation. Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Reading and writing: Broaden vocabulary and develop ability to understand new words in familiar written material, including use of a dictionary. Write phrases from memory to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French. Aspects of French culture: Compare attitudes of different cultures. 	Listening and speaking: Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others. Reading and writing: Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Write phrases from memory to express ideas clearly. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French.	Listening and speaking: Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others. Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Reading and writing: Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French.	Listening and speaking: Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Reading and writing: Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Broaden vocabulary and develop ability to understand new words in familiar written material, including use of a dictionary. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French.	 Listening and speaking: Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation. Reading and writing: Broaden vocabulary and develop ability to understand new words in familiar written material, including use of a dictionary. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French. Aspects of French culture: Explore the similarities and differences between their own locality and that of a French speaking country.

	UKS2 – Year 5/6 - Cycle 2- 2024-2025								
LKS2	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
	Key Driver – Humanities		Key Driver - Humanities		Key Driver -	- Humanities			

Upper K	ey Stage 2 Long Term Plan						
Cycle 1 2022 - 2023	RCC Enriching Experiences- Y5 – Lineham Farm Residential		Anglo Saxons and Normans Enriching Experiences- Battle of 1066 workshop		Early Islamic Civilisation (Including Baghdad) Enriching Experiences- Y6 – Weardale Residential		
	Whole	Class Texts	Whole	Class Texts	Whole Cla		
		– Alex Woolf – Non-Fiction – Lexile -		urgo – Fiction – Lexile - 1180L	Early Islamic Empires – Lizann Fla		
	S	960L npeii – Lexile – 920L					
English:	Mutiting Connec	Writing Genres		ridge – Fiction – Lexile - 940L Writing Genres	Aladdin and the enchanted lamp – Fig		
ngli	Writing Genres	<u>v</u>	Writing Genres		Writing Genres	Writing Genres	
ш	Non-Narrative: Persuasive	Non-Narrative: Letter of Complaint	Non-Narrative: Diary - Anglo-	Non-Narrative: Newspaper Report -	Non-narrative: Non-Chronological	Non-Narrative: Recount -	
	Leaflet - Live on a Volcano	- Disaster	Saxon child	Battle of Hastings	Report - Islamic Civilisation	Narrative: Adventure Narrative -	
	Narrative: Viewpoint Narrative -	Narrative: Adventure Narrative -	Narrative: Historical Narrative -	Narrative: Descriptive Narrative -	Narrative: Traditional Narrative -		
	Japan Tsunami	Pompeii ck over the term	1 nostru blo	k over the term	1 poetry block over the term		
	Maths - Year 5 - Basic Fluency			Maths - Year 5 – Calculation -			
	FOCUS	Maths - Year 5 –	Number FOCUS	FOCUS	Maths - Year 5 - Measure/G	eometry/Statistics FOCUS	
MATHS	FOCUS	Maths - Year 6 - Basic Fluency FOCUS Maths - Year 6 -		Maths - Year 6 – Calculation - FOCUS	Maths - Year 6 - Measure/Geometry/Statistics FOCUS		
2	We use White Rose Maths scheme to help with coverage and sequencing						
	For the objectives covered and	I the sequence they are taught in p	lease click <u>https://www.coc</u>	okridgeprimary.co.uk/statu	tory/curriculum-offer/core-	subject-frameworks/	
	History:		History:		History:		
	Historical Interpretation (a)To understand and analyse primary and secondary evidence. (b)To determine the accuracy and reliability of evidence and link this to factual understanding of the past.		Historical Interpretation(a)To understand and analyse primary and secondary evidence.(b)To determine the accuracy and reliability of evidence and link this to factual understanding of the past.		Historical Interpretation (a)To understand and analyse primary (b)To determine the accuracy and reli factual understanding of the past.		
	Historical Investigation (b)Investigate their own lines of enquiry by posing historically valid questions to answer.		Historical Investigation (a)Use a wide range of different evidence to collect information about the past and select relevant sections of information to address		Chronological Understanding (a)Order an increasing number of sign dates on a timeline using dates and te	rms accurately.	
HISTORY	Knowledge and Understanding of Events, People and Changes in the Past (c)Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had		historically vaild questions and construct detailed, informed responses. (Such as ceramics, pictures, documents, printed sources, posters, online material, pictures, photographs, artefacts, historic statues, figures, sculptures, historic sites).		(b)Understand and describe in some of in a period in history.	letail the main changes to an aspect	
Ŧ	 (c)Examine causes and results of great events and the impact these had on people. Presenting, Organising and Communicating (a)Know and show a good understanding of historical vocabulary including abstract terms such as democracy, civilisation, social, political, economic, cultural, religious. (b)Present, communicate and organise ideas about from the past using detailed discussions and debates and different genres of writing such as myths, instructions, accounts, diaries, letters, information/travel guides, posters, news reports. (c)Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the studied period. 		Chronological Understanding	significant events, movements and d terms accurately.			

pper K	ey Stage 2 Long Term Plan						
	Geography:		Geography:		Geography:		
	Locational Knowledge (c) Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime Meridian and time zones and use longitude and latitude to find locations on a map.		Locational Knowledge (b)Name and locate most counties and cities of the United Kingdom, identifying human and physical characteristics including hills, mountain, coasts and rivers, and land-use patterns as well as showing change over time.		Human and Physical Geography (c)Describe and understand key aspects of human and physical geography, including the distribution of energy, food, minerals and water. Geographical Skills and Fieldwork		
GEOGRAPHY	 Human and Physical Geography (a) Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, volcanoes and earthquakes. (b) Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity and trade links. 		Place Knowledge(a) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America.(b) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, and a region within South America.		 (a)Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studies. (b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. (c) Use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies. 		
	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork (a)Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studies.		 Geographical Skills and Fieldwork (a)Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studies. (b) Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and keys (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world. (c) Use fieldwork to observe, measure record and present the human and physical features in the local area using sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies. 				
	Science: Working scientifically	Science: Electricity (Y6)	Forces (Y5)	Science: Light (Y6) Earth and Space (Y5)	Living things and their habitats (Y5)	Living things and their habitats (Y6)	
	Scin1.56: I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary. Scin2.56: I can take measurements, using a range of	SC1.6: I can associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) SC2.6: I can use recognised	 scientific enquiries to questions, including sing and controlling s where necessary. brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object. (Y5) brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit, comparing and giving reasons for variations. (Y6) 	unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object. (Y5) SC5.5: I can identify the effects	 SC7.5: I can describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system. (Y5) SC8.5: I can describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth. (Y5) 	differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird. (Y5)things are classified groups according to observable charact based on similaritieSC15.5: I can describe the lifedifferences, includin	SC16.6 : I can describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals (Y6)
SCEINCE	scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate.	symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram. (Y6) SC3.6: I can compare and give reasons for variations in how	of air resistance, water resistance and friction, which act between moving surfaces. (Y5)	SC9.5: I can describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies. (Y5)		SC17.6: I can give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. (Y6)	
	ScIn3.56: I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.	components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches. (Y6)	SC6.5: I can recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect. (Y5)	SC10.5: I can use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky. (Y5) SC11.6: I can explain that we see			
	ScIn4.56: I can use test results to			things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from			

Upper Key	Stage	2 Long	Term	Plan
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pper K	ey Stage 2 Long Term Plan							
	make predictions to set up	light sources to objects and then to						
	further comparative and fair	our eyes. (Y6)						
	tests.							
		SC12.6: I can use the idea that light						
	Scin5.56: I can report and present	travels in straight lines to explain						
	findings from enquiries, including	that objects are seen because they						
	conclusions, causal relationships	give out or reflect light into the						
	and explanations of and degree of	eye. (Y6)						
	trust in results, in oral and written							
	forms such as displays and other	SC13.6: I can use the idea that light						
	presentations.	travels in straight lines to explain						
		why shadows have the same shape						
	ScIn6.56: I can identify scientific	as the objects that cast them. (Y6)						
	evidence that has been used to	Working scientifically: coverage						
	support or refute ideas or							
	arguments.	Scin1.1: I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary.						
		Scin2.1: I can take measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate.						
		Scin3.1: I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.						
		Sensit: I carriected data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.						
		Scin4.1: I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.						
		ScIn5.1: I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as						
		displays and other presentations.						
		Scin6.1: I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.						
	Forest School is a child-centred insp	irational learning pedagogy, that offers opportunities for holistic growth through regular sessions. It is a long-term program that supports play, exploration and supported risk taking. It						
		m through learner inspired, hands-on experiences in a natural setting.						
Ś	The process helps and facilitates more than knowledge-gathering, it helps learners develop socially, emotionally, spiritually, physically and intellectually. It creates a safe, non-judgemental nurturing environment for learners							
ğ	to try stuff out and take risks. Forest School inspires a deep and meaningful connection to the world and an understanding of how a learner fits within it. Our approach to risk means that learners constantly expand on their							
H	abilities by solving real-world issues	, building self-belief and resilience. We believe that risk is more than just potential for physical harm, but a more holistic thing, there are risks in everything we do, and we grow by						
SC	overcoming them. Forest School the	overcoming them. Forest School therefore, helps participants to become, healthy, resilient, creative and independent learners.						
EST								
FOREST SCHOOLS	U 1	shool as a vehicle for promoting and developing the skills mentioned above which directly impacts on pupils' progress and attainment across the national curriculum. Pupils have access to						
ŭ.		I practitioners who deliver sessions focussing on speech and language, health and wellbeing and resilience whilst also running Forest School skill sessions, seasonal and nature inspired						
		days to support pupils' development throughout their time at school. Planning is done in a way which enriches the curriculum, helps develop the needs of the pupils and is highly flexible						
	based on their interests, nature and the seasons.							

Opper N	ey Stage 2 Long Term Plan Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:	Computing:
COMPUTING	Digital Literacy E-Safety/PSHE Cross-curricular KS2 DL1 - I can use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.	Computer Science Communicate and Present eg. Film/Podcast KS2 CS4 – I can understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.	Computer Science Pro-bots/logo KS2 CS1 – I can design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.	Computer Science Coding KS2 CS2 – I can use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output KS2 CS3 – I can use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.	Information Technology Data Handling eg. Excel KS2 IT1 – I can use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content. KS2 IT2 – I can select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information	Information Technology Animation KS2 IT2 – I can select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
ART	 ART Drawing Printmaking Disaster Artists. Hokusai/ Contemporary FOCUS: DRAWING & PAINTING: Children can: A. Introduce perspective and proportion in their drawing. B. Use a range of mediums on a range of backgrounds. C. Work indoors and outdoors. D. Develop watercolour techniques. E. Explore restricting colour palette (example, only use tertiary colours) F. Develop brushwork control. 	 Art: Tsunami drawings – Japanese drawing FOCUS: EXPLORING AND DEVELOPING IDEAS Children can: E. Select and develop ideas confidently, using suitable materials confidently. F. Improve quality of sketchbook with mixed media, ICT and annotations. G. Develop artistic/visual vocabulary when talking ab out own work and that of others. 	 Art Textiles The Bayeau Tapestry Explore and recreate the Tapestry Children can: A. Weave using fabric /mixed media to create a collage. B. Create a group embroidery using collage and sewing C. techniques. D. Introduce fabric block printing FOCUS: DRAWING & PAINTING: Children can: Offer facts about notable artists/designers from history 	 Art: Collage/ Sculpture Using the narrative of the Norman tapestry, explore the collage art of Romare Bearden and contemporary black sculptors. Create own sculpture. Children can A. Review and revisit ideas in their sketchbook B. B offer feedback using technical vocabulary C. Think critically about their art and design work D. Use key vocabulary to demonstrate understanding. 	Art The Blue Mosque. Children create ceramic tile influenced by Islamic art Children can A use a variety of drawing techniques to add effects. B use a variety of drawing tools C Review and revisit ideas in their sketch book D Develop cutting and joining skills with clay e.g. using wire, coils, slabs and slips.	Cont Printmaking Explore Calligraphy as an art form. Children can A Design and create a printing block/tile Develop techniques in mono, block and relief printing Create and arrange accurate patterns Use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand- collagraph, tile ,block, stencil.

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ber k	Key Stage 2 Long Term Plan			
	DT	DT	DT	
	Design and build a crane for clearing rubble	Create Anglo Saxon weaponry and a Bayeux tapestry	Design and build a crane for clearing rubble	
	Design	Design	Design	
	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform	a. use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform	
	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit	the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit	
	for purpose and aimed at a target market;	for purpose and aimed at a target market;	for purpose and aimed at a target market;	
	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help	b. use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help	
	generate their ideas;	generate their ideas;	generate their ideas;	
	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design	c. design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design	
	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;	features of their products that will appeal to the intended user;	
	d. explain how particular parts of their products work;	d. explain how particular parts of their products work;	d. explain how particular parts of their products work;	
	e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded	e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded	e. use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded	
	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and	diagrams (possibly including computer-aided design) to develop and	
	communicate their ideas;	communicate their ideas;	communicate their ideas;	
	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final	f. generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final designs;	
	designs;	designs;	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out	
	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out	g. consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out	designs;	
	designs;	designs;	Mala	
	Maka	Maka	Make	
	Make	Make	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;	
	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and	a. independently plan by suggesting what to do next;b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and	b. with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and	
	equipment, explaining their choices;	equipment, explaining their choices;	equipment, explaining their choices; c. select from a range of materials and components according to their	
	c. select from a range of materials and components according to their	c. select from a range of materials and components according to their	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	
	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	functional properties and aesthetic qualities;	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;	
	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;	d. create step-by-step plans as a guide to making;	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately	
	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately	e. learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely and appropriately	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;	
	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;	and learn to follow hygiene procedures;	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1	
	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1	f. independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1	millimetre;	
	millimetre;	millimetre;	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction	
5	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction	g. use a full range of materials and components, including construction	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;	
	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;	materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components;	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;	
	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;	h. cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy;	i. shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;	
	i. shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;	i. shape and score materials with precision and accuracy;	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with accuracy;	
	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with	j. assemble, join and combine materials and components with	m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of their	
	accuracy;	accuracy;	product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after roughly	
	m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of	k. demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin,	cutting out a shape.	
	their product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after	cut, shape and join fabric with precision to make a more complex		
	roughly cutting out a shape.	product;	Evaluate	
	Fuchasta	I. join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch,	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for	
	Evaluate a. complete detailed competitor analysis of other products on the	whip stitch, blanket stitch; m. refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of	purpose of products as they design and make; c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria,	
	market;	their product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after	making changes as needed.	
	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for	roughly cutting out a shape.	muking changes as needed.	
	purpose of products as they design and make;		Technical Skills	
	c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria,	Evaluate	a. apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce	
	making changes as needed.	b. critically evaluate the quality of design, manufacture and fitness for	more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics of	
		purpose of products as they design and make;	products;	
	Technical Skills	c. evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria,	b. understand and demonstrate that mechanical and electrical systems	
	a. apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce	making changes as needed.	have an input, process and output;	
	more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics		c. explain how mechanical systems, such as cams, create movement and	
	of products;	Technical Skills	use mechanical systems in their products;	
	b. understand and demonstrate that mechanical and electrical systems	a. apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce		
	have an input process and output	more complex structures in order to greate more useful sharestoristics		

have an input, process and output; c. explain how mechanical systems, such as cams, create movement

of products;

more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics

pper r			Cooking		Cooking	
Cooking	Cooking Make Italian salad, focaccia, tandoori wrap, banana and raisins cookies, pasta a. know, explain and give examples of food that is grown (such as pears, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world; b. understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and plan recipes according to seasonality c. understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking; d. demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source; e. demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling, grilling, frying and boiling; f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma; h. alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures; i. measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe; j. independently follow a recipe.		or used in cooking; d. demonstrate how to prepare ar savoury dishes safely and hygienic use of a heat source; e. demonstrate how to use a rang griddling, grilling, frying and boilin f. explain that foods contain differ are needed for health and be able planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by add	is of food that is grown (such as d (such as poultry and cattle) and rope and the wider world; now this may affect the food ding to seasonality ed into ingredients that can be eaten and cook a variety of predominantly ally including, where appropriate, the e of cooking techniques, such as g; ent substances, such as protein, that to apply these principles when ing or substituting one or more	Cooking Design an Islamic menu including; starter, main and dessert a. know, explain and give examples of food that is grown (such as pears, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world; b. understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and plan recipes according to seasonality c. understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking; d. demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source; e. demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling, grilling, frying and boiling; f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma;	
			f. explain that foods contain different substances, such as protein, that are needed for health and be able to apply these principles when planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma; h. alter methods, cooking times and/or temperatures; i. measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe; j. independently follow a recipe. Music: Play and perform Music: Year 5: Year 5:		planning and preparing dishes; g. adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more	
WUSIC	Volcano topic songs Body percussion compositions MMC listening Year 6: Volcano topic songs MMC listening Cup routine compositions	Volcano topic songs Reading a treble stave MMC listening Year 6: Volcano topic songs MMC listening Reading drum notation	Singing rounds and part songs MMC listening Year 6: Origins of jazz MMC listening	Singing rounds and part songs MMC listening Year 6: Origins of jazz MMC listening	Year 5: Tuned percussion ensemble pieces MMC listening Year 6: British Songwriting legends Songs with a historical context MMC listening	Year 5: Tuned percussion ensemble pieces MMC listening Year 6: British Songwriting legends Writing a 12 bar blues song MMC listening

	PE - Teacher led – Basketball and gymnastics	PE - Teacher led – Dance and fitness	PE - Teacher led –Football, Athletics Year 6 – Golf – Coach led
	Basketball	Dance	
	NC 1 - use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in	NC 3 - develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance	Football NC 2 - play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply
	combination	NC 4 - perform dances using a range of movement patterns	basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
	NC 2 - play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply	NC 4 - perform dances using a range of movement patterns	
	basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	NC 6 - compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	Athletics NC 1 - use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in
	Gymnastics	Tennis:	combination
ЪЕ	NC 3 - develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance		NC 6 - compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate
		NC 1 - use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination	improvement to achieve their personal best.
			Year 6 – Summer 2
		NC 2 - play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending	Golf NC 5 - take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both
			individually and within a team

FF 51 11	PSHE:	PSHE:	PSHE:	PSHE:	PSHE:	PSHE:
	Year 5	<u>Year 5:</u>	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:	Year 5:
	Health and wellbeing	Living in the wider world	Health and well-being	Relationships	Health and Well-being	Living in the Wider World
	What makes up our identity?	What decisions can people make with money?	How can we help in an accident or emergency?	How can friends communicate safely?	How can drugs common to everyday life affect health?	What jobs would we like?
	Mind mate lesson: Feeling good	with money?	or emergency?	salelyr	everyday me arrect health?	Mind mate lesson: Solving
	and being me: Self belief	Mind mate lesson: Friends and	Mind mate lesson: Life changes:	Mind mate lesson: Strong	Mind mate lesson: Being the same	problems and making it better:
	and being me. Sen bener	family: Unhealthy friendships and	Aspirations to manage change	emotions: Strong emotions and	being different: Stigma	talking it through restorative
		relationships	positively)	mental health	Senig unterent. Stignia	justice
	Year 6		positively		Year 6	Justice
	Health and wellbeing				Relationships	Year 6
	How can we keep healthy as we	Year 6	Year 6	Year 6	What will change as we become	Relationships
ш	grow?	Health and wellbeing	Living in the wider world	Living in the wider world	more independent?	What will change as we become
PSHE	-	How can we keep healthy as we	How can the media influence	How can the media influence	How do friendships change as we	more
₽.	Mind mate lesson: Feeling good	grow?	people?	people?	grow?	independent?
	and being me: Self integrity					How do friendships change as we
		Mind mate lesson: Friends and	Mind mate lesson: Life changes:	Mind mate lesson: Strong	Mind mate lesson: Body image and	grow?
		family: Celebrating friendship	Moving on	emotions: happiness	social media	
	British Values: an understanding					Mind mate lesson: Solving
	that the freedom to hold other				British Values: an acceptance that	problems and making it better:
	faiths and beliefs is protected in	British Values: an acceptance	British Values: an	British Values: an understanding	people having different faiths or	winning what does it take?
	law.	that people having different faiths or beliefs to oneself (or		of how citizens can influence	beliefs to oneself (or having none) should be accepted and tolerated,	British Values: an understanding
		having none) should be accepted	understanding of how citizens can influence decision-making	decision-making through the	and should not be the cause of	that the freedom to hold other
		and tolerated, and should not be	through the democratic	democratic process.	prejudicial or discriminatory	faiths and beliefs is protected in
		the cause of prejudicial or	process.	democratic process.	behaviour	law.
		discriminatory behaviour				
	RE: Theme:	RE: Theme:	RE: Theme:	RE: Theme:	RE: Theme:	RE: Theme:
	Year 5 – Unit 5.1 -Why are some	Year 5 – Unit 5.1 -Why are some	Year 5 – Unit 5.4 - What	Year 5 – Unit 5.3 - Should we	Year 5 - Unit 5.2- What do we	Year 5 - Unit 5.2- What do we
	places and journeys special?	places and journeys special?	matters most to believers?	forgive others? (link to Easter.)	know about Islam?	know about Islam?
	Year 6 – Unit 6.4 -How does	Year 6 – Unit 6.4 -How does		Year 6 – Unit 6.2 - How do		
	growing up bring responsibilities	growing up bring responsibilities	Year 6 - Unit 6.3 - What is compassion and how can it be	Christians express their beliefs?	(visit to mosque.) Year 6 – Unit 6.1 - What does it	(visit to mosque.)
RE	and commitments?	and commitments?	shown?	(link to Easter.)	mean to be a Sikh?	Year 6 – Unit 6.1 - What does it
	and confinitinents?		SHOWN:	(IIIK to Easter.)	(visit from representative of	mean to be a Sikh?
					Gurwara)	(visit from representative of
						Gurwara)
						Guiwaraj

MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French	MFL: French
Topic: All about ourselves	Topic: Family and friends	Topic: All in a day	Topic: Let's go shopping	Topic: This is France
Topic: All about ourselves Listening and speaking: Listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation. Reading and writing: Write phrases from memory to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Aspects of French culture: Compare attitudes of different cultures.	Topic: Family and friends Listening and speaking: Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others. Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation. Reading and writing: Broaden vocabulary and develop ability to understand new words in familiar written material, including use of a dictionary. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Grammar:	Topic: All in a day Listening and speaking: Speak and present in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures. Reading and writing: Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French. Aspects of French culture: Explore the similarities and differences between their own locality and that of a French	Topic: Let's go shopping Listening and speaking: Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others. Reading and writing: Read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French.	Topic: This is France Listening and speaking: Engage in conversations, ask and answer questions, express opinions and respond to those of others. Reading and writing: Broaden vocabulary and develop ability to understand new words in familiar written material, including use of a dictionary. Write phrases from memory to express ideas clearly. Describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing. Grammar: Understand basic grammar appropriate to French. Aspects of French grammar: Compare attitudes of different cultures.
	Understand basic grammar appropriate to French.	speaking country.		
	appropriate to riench.			